

PSEUDOCODE

Initial conditions/setup

Set n (network size)

Set k (no of nodes per cave)

Set number-of-caves = $n/(k+1)$

Set ϕ (proportion rewired)

Set number-static-traits (S) = *static attributes (randomly create 5 numbers - binary 0 or 1)*

Set number-dynamic-traits (O) = *dynamic attributes (randomly create 20 numbers - binary 0 or 1)*

Set urn = *an empty list that will contain all the selected opinions of a given agent's neighbors related to a given trait*

Calculate (expected) social distance

Calculate social distance

Agent i and j at time t:

$$d_{ij,t} = \sqrt{\sum_{m \in S} (s_{mi} - s_{mj})^2 + \sum_{m \in O} (o_{mi,t} - o_{mj,t})^2}$$

if t = 0, distance is given by the randomly distributed traits. This is the expected distance (E(d))

Calculate weight

Agent i and j at time t:

$$w_{ij,t} = E(d) - d_{ij,t}$$

Run the model/go:

Randomly choose an agent (asynchronous update)

Update d_{ij}

Update w_{ij}

Fill the urn and select an opinion

Fill the urn and select an opinion:

If expected distances and current distances are different:

Set probability of adoption $P_{j,t} = |w_{ij,t}| / (\sum A(i,k)=1 * |w_{ik,t}|)$, where $P_{j,t}$ is probability that agent i adopt agent j's opinion; $A(i,k) = 1$ when agents i and k are connected and $A(i,k) = 0$ when agents i and k are not connected

If probability is large (when compared to a random number between 0 and 1) and *neighbor's weight is negative, randomly put either a 0 or a 1 in the urn with probability of 10%*

If probability is large (when compared to a random number between 0 and 1) and *neighbor's weight is positive, put the neighbor's opinion in the urn*

Randomly select an opinion from the urn

Go to the next neighbor

Repeat process until all urns/dynamic traits of the focal agent are compared